

## 300mA High Speed LDO Regulator with ON/OFF Switch

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XC6238 series is a high speed LDO regulator that features high accurate, low noise, high ripple rejection, low dropout and low power consumption. The series consists of a voltage reference, an error amplifier, a driver transistor, a current limiter, a phase compensation circuit.

The CE function enables the circuit to be in stand-by mode by inputting low level signal. In the stand-by mode, the series enables the electric charge at the output capacitor  $C_L$  to be discharged via the internal switch, and as a result the  $V_{OUT}$  pin quickly returns to the  $V_{SS}$  level. The output stabilization capacitor  $C_L$  is also compatible with low ESR ceramic capacitors.

The output voltage is selectable in 0.05V increments within the range of 1.2V to 4.0V which fixed by laser trimming technologies. The over current protection circuit is built-in. This protection circuit will operate when the output current reaches current limit level.

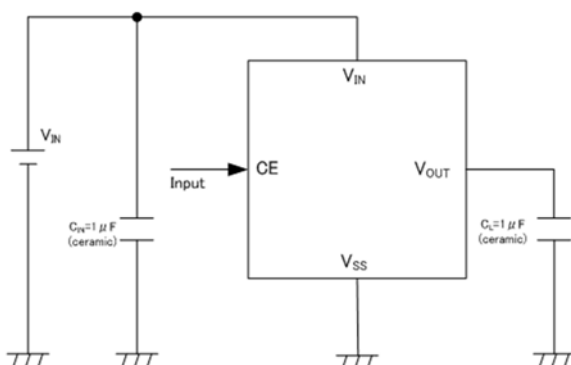
### ■ APPLICATIONS

- Mobile devices
- Wireless communications
- Modules
- Mobile phones

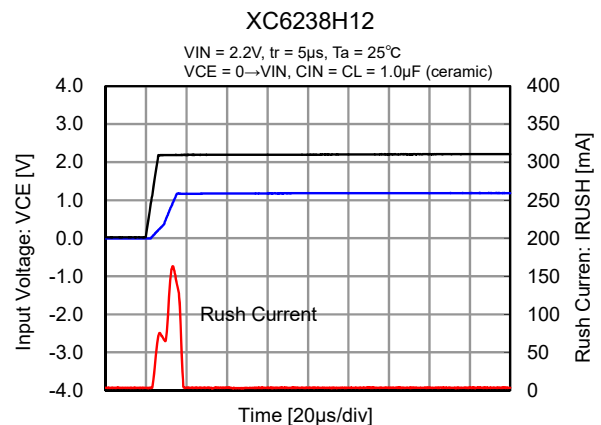
### ■ FEATURES

<b>Maximum Output Current</b>	: 300mA
<b>Input Voltage Range</b>	: 1.6~5.5V
<b>Output Voltages</b>	: 2.0~4.0V (Accuracy $\pm 1\%$ ) 1.2~1.95V (Accuracy $\pm 20\text{mV}$ ) 0.05V increments
<b>Dropout Voltage</b>	: 200mV@ $I_{OUT}=300\text{mA}$ ( $V_{OUT}=3.0\text{V}$ )
<b>Low Power Consumption</b>	: 100 $\mu\text{A}$
<b>Stand-by Current</b>	: 0.1 $\mu\text{A}$
<b>High Ripple Rejection</b>	: 80dB@ $f=1\text{kHz}$
<b>Protection Circuits</b>	: Current Limit (400mA) Short Circuit Protection Inrush Current Protection (Type H)
<b>Low ESR Capacitors</b>	: $C_{IN}=1\mu\text{F}$ , $C_L=1\mu\text{F}$
<b>CE Function</b>	: Active High, $C_L$ High Speed Discharge
<b>Operating Ambient Temperature</b>	: $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim +85^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Small Package</b>	: UFN-4A01
<b>Environmentally Friendly</b>	: EU RoHS Compliant, Pb Free

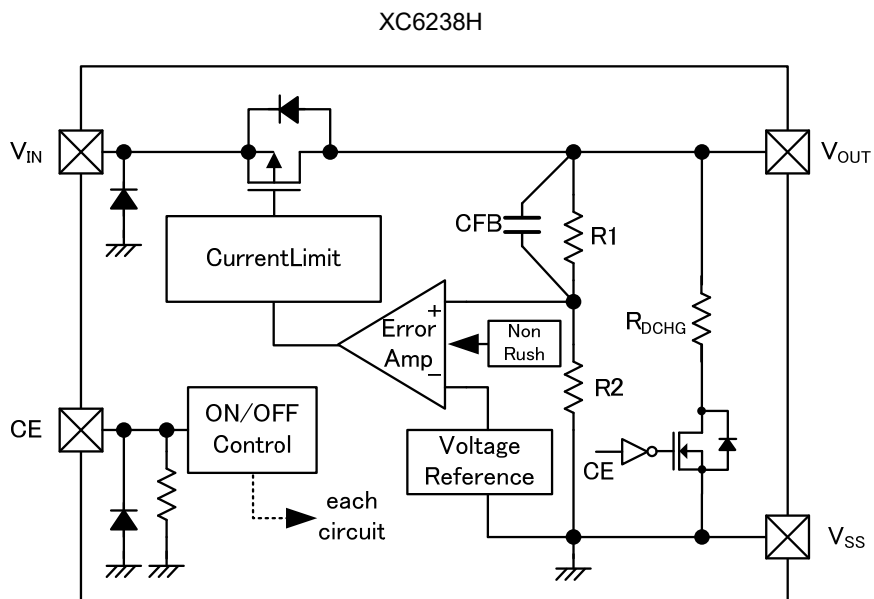
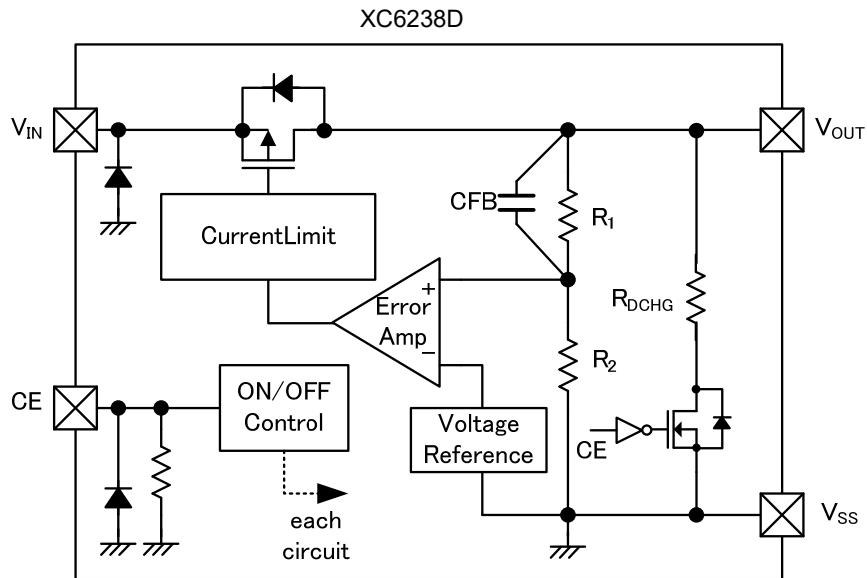
### ■ TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



### ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



## ■ BLOCK DIAGRAMS



\* Diodes inside the circuits are ESD protection diodes and parasitic diodes.

## ■ PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION

### ● Ordering Information

XC6238①②③④⑤⑥-⑦<sup>(\*)</sup>

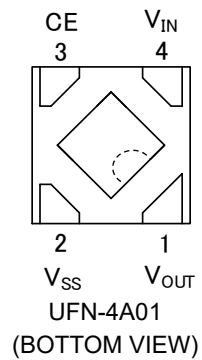
DESIGNATOR	ITEM	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
①	Regulator Type	D	No Inrush Current Control
		H	Inrush Current Prevention Circuit Built-in
②③	Output Voltage	12~40	ex.) 2.80V → ②=2, ③=8, ④=please see down below.
④	Output Voltage Accuracy	1	±1% ( $V_{OUT} \geq 2.0V$ ) ±0.02V ( $V_{OUT} < 2.0V$ ) In case of 2nd decimal place 0 (ex.2.80V → ④=1)
		B	±1% ( $V_{OUT} \geq 2.0V$ ) ±0.02V ( $V_{OUT} < 2.0V$ ) In case of 2nd decimal place 5 (ex.2.85V → ④=B)
⑤⑥-⑦ <sup>(*)</sup>	Packages (Order Unit)	6R-G	UFN-4A01 (3,000pcs/Reel)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The "-G" suffix denotes Halogen and Antimony free as well as being fully EU RoHS compliant.

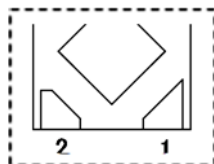
### ● Selection Guide

TYPE	CURRENT LIMITER	CE PULL-DOWN RESISTOR	C <sub>L</sub> DISCHARGE	INRUSH CURRENT PROTECTION
D	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
H	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

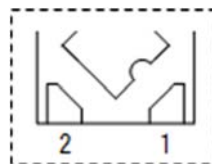
## PIN CONFIGURATION



\*Please note there are 2 types of metal plating of UFN-4A01 package; Au plating and Sn plating.



Au plating



Sn plating

Reference picture: Identifying the types of pin plating

\* The dissipation pad for the UFN-4A01 package should be solder-plated in reference mount pattern and metal masking so as to enhance mounting strength and heat release. If the pad needs to be connected to other pins, it should be connected to the  $V_{SS}$  (No. 2) pin.

## ■ PIN ASSIGNMENT

PIN NUMBER	PIN NAME	FUNCTIONS
UFN-4A01		
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output
2	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
3	CE	ON/OFF Control
4	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power Supply Input

## ■ PIN FUNCTION ASSIGNMENT

PIN NAME	SIGNAL	STATUS
CE	L	Stand-by
	H	Active
	OPEN	Stand-by*

\* An internal pull-down resistor maintains the CE pin voltage to be low.

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
V <sub>IN</sub> Pin Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>SS</sub> +7.0	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> Pin Current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	500 <sup>(*)</sup>	mA
V <sub>OUT</sub> Pin Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V
CE Pin Voltage	V <sub>CE</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> -0.3~V <sub>SS</sub> +7.0	V
Power Dissipation	UFN-4A01	Pd	100
			550 (PCB mounted)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~+125	°C

\* All voltages are described based on the V<sub>SS</sub>.

(\*) I<sub>OUT</sub> ≤ Pd / (V<sub>IN</sub>-V<sub>OUT</sub>)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT(E)</sub> <sup>(*1)</sup>	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> ≥ 2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 0.99 <sup>(*2)</sup>	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> <sup>(*2)</sup>	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> × 1.01 <sup>(*2)</sup>	V	①
		V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> < 2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> = 10mA	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> - 20mV <sup>(*2)</sup>	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> <sup>(*2)</sup>	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> + 20mV <sup>(*2)</sup>		
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub>	300	-	-	mA	①
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , 0.1mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 300mA	-	25	45	mV	①
Dropout Voltage	V <sub>dif</sub> <sup>(*3)</sup>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =300mA	-	E-1		mV	①
Supply Current	I <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub>	-	100	220	μA	②
Stand-by Current	I <sub>STB</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-	0.01	0.4	μA	②
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / (ΔV <sub>IN</sub> · V <sub>OUT</sub> )	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +0.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 5.5V V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =50mA	-	0.01	0.1	%/V	①
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-	1.6	-	5.5	V	①
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> / (ΔT <sub>opr</sub> · V <sub>OUT</sub> )	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C	-	±100	-	ppm/°C	①
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> < 2.5V V <sub>IN</sub> =3.0V <sub>DC</sub> +0.5Vp-p <sub>AC</sub> V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.0V I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA, f=1kHz	-	80	-	dB	③
		V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> ≥ 2.5V V <sub>IN</sub> ={V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.0}V <sub>DC</sub> +0.5Vp-p <sub>AC</sub> V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>OUT(T)</sub> +1.0V I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA, f=1kHz					
Current Limit	I <sub>LIM</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub>	310	400	-	mA	①
Short Current	I <sub>SHORT</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-	50	-	mA	①
CE High Level Voltage	V <sub>CEH</sub>	-	1.0	-	5.5	V	④
CE Low Level Voltage	V <sub>CEL</sub>	-	0	-	0.3	V	④
CE High Level Current	I <sub>CEH</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V	3.0	5.5	9.0	μA	④
CE High Level Current	I <sub>CEL</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-0.1	-	0.1	μA	④
C <sub>L</sub> Discharge Resistance	R <sub>DCHG</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.0V, V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>	-	300	-	Ω	①
Inrush Current (Type H)	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =5.5V, V <sub>CE</sub> =0 → 5.5V	-	150	-	mA	⑤

### NOTE:

(\*1)V<sub>OUT(E)</sub>: Effective output voltage

(i.e. the output voltage when "V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>+1.0V" is provided at the V<sub>IN</sub> pin while maintaining a certain I<sub>OUT</sub> value.)

(\*2)V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>: Nominal output voltage

(\*3)V<sub>dif</sub>=V<sub>IN1</sub><sup>(\*4)</sup>-V<sub>OUT1</sub><sup>(\*5)</sup> (V<sub>IN1</sub> ≥ 1.6V)

(\*4)V<sub>IN1</sub>=The input voltage when V<sub>OUT1</sub> appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.

(\*5)V<sub>OUT1</sub>=A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>+1.0V is input for every I<sub>OUT</sub>.

(\*6)Unless otherwise stated regarding input voltage conditions, V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>OUT(T)</sub>+1.0V.

## ■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

● Voltage Chart 1

NOMINAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(±1%) (V)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE (mV) E-1	
	$V_{OUT(E)}$		$V_{dif}$	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
1.20	1.1800	1.2200	480	630
1.25	1.2300	1.2700		
1.30	1.2800	1.3200	440	580
1.35	1.3300	1.3700		
1.40	1.3800	1.4200	420	520
1.45	1.4300	1.4700		
1.50	1.4800	1.5200	420	460
1.55	1.5300	1.5700		
1.60	1.5800	1.6200	400	440
1.65	1.6300	1.6700		
1.70	1.6800	1.7200		
1.75	1.7300	1.7700		
1.80	1.7800	1.8200	300	410
1.85	1.8300	1.8700		
1.90	1.8800	1.9200		
1.95	1.9300	1.9700		
2.00	1.9800	2.0200		
2.05	2.0295	2.0705	270	380
2.10	2.0790	2.1210		
2.15	2.1285	2.1715		
2.20	2.1780	2.2220		
2.25	2.2275	2.2725		
2.30	2.2770	2.3230		
2.35	2.3265	2.3735		
2.40	2.3760	2.4240		
2.45	2.4255	2.4745		
2.50	2.4750	2.5250		
2.55	2.5245	2.5755	240	350
2.60	2.5740	2.6260		
2.65	2.6235	2.6765		
2.70	2.6730	2.7270		
2.75	2.7225	2.7775		

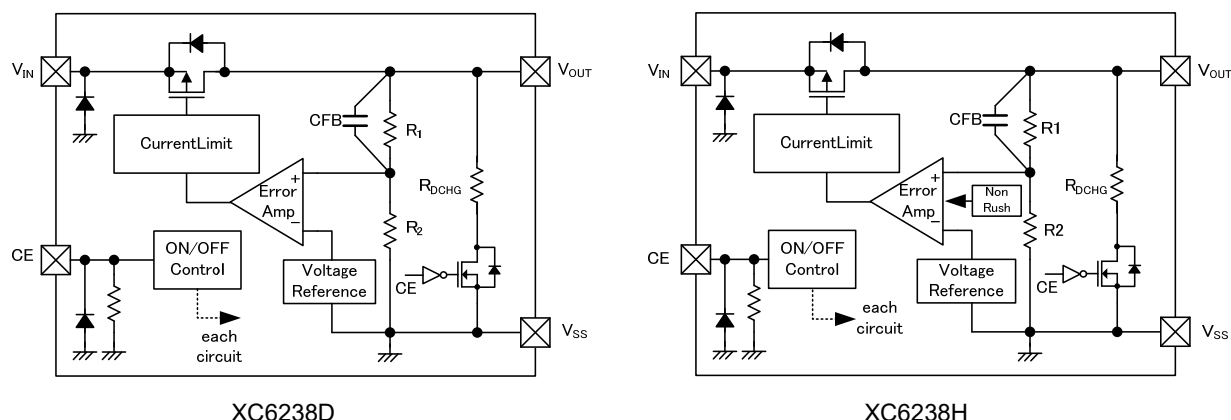
## OUTPUT VOLTAGE CHART

● Voltage Chart 1

NOMINAL OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	OUTPUT VOLTAGE(±1%) (V)		DROPOUT VOLTAGE (mV) E-1	
	$V_{OUT(E)}$		$V_{dif}$	
	MIN.	MAX.	TYP.	MAX.
2.80	2.7720	2.8280	240	350
2.85	2.8215	2.8785		
2.90	2.8710	2.9290		
2.95	2.9205	2.9795		
3.00	2.9700	3.0300	200	305
3.05	3.0195	3.0805		
3.10	3.0690	3.1310		
3.15	3.1185	3.1815		
3.20	3.1680	3.2320		
3.25	3.2175	3.2825		
3.30	3.2670	3.3330		
3.35	3.3165	3.3835		
3.40	3.3660	3.4340		
3.45	3.4155	3.4845		
3.50	3.4650	3.5350		
3.55	3.5145	3.5855		
3.60	3.5640	3.6360		
3.65	3.6135	3.6865		
3.70	3.6630	3.7370		
3.75	3.7125	3.7875		
3.80	3.7620	3.8380		
3.85	3.8115	3.8885		
3.90	3.8610	3.9390		
3.95	3.9105	3.9895		
4.00	3.9600	4.0400		



## ■ OPERATIONAL EXPLANATION



The voltage divided by resistors R1 & R2 is compared with the internal reference voltage by the error amplifier. The P-channel MOSFET which is connected to the  $V_{OUT}$  pin is then driven by the subsequent output signal. The output voltage at the  $V_{OUT}$  pin is controlled and stabilized by a system of negative feedback. The current limit circuit and short circuit protection operate in relation to the level of output current and heat dissipation. Further, the IC's internal circuitry can be

### <Low ESR Capacitor>

The XC6238 series needs an output capacitor  $C_L$  for phase compensation. Please place an output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) at the output pin ( $V_{OUT}$ ) and the ground pin ( $V_{SS}$ ) as close as possible. Please use the output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) is 1.0 $\mu$ F or larger. For a stable power input, please connect an input capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ) of 1.0 $\mu$ F between the  $V_{IN}$  pin and the  $V_{SS}$  pin.

### <Current Limiter, Short-Circuit Protection>

The XC6238 has current limiter and droop shape of fold-back circuit. When the load current reaches the current limit, the droop current limiter circuit operates and the output voltage drops. When the output voltage dropped, the fold-back circuit operates and the output current goes to decrease. The output current finally falls at the level of 50mA when the output pin is short-circuited.

### <CE Pin>

The IC's internal circuitry can be shutdown via the signal from the CE pin. In shutdown mode, the XC6238 series enables the electric charge at the output capacitor ( $C_L$ ) to be discharged via the internal switch located between the  $V_{OUT}$  and  $V_{SS}$  pins, and as a result the  $V_{OUT}$  pin quickly returns to the  $V_{SS}$  level. The XC6238 series has a pull-down resistor at the CE pin inside, so that the CE pin input current flows.

### <Inrush Current Protection>

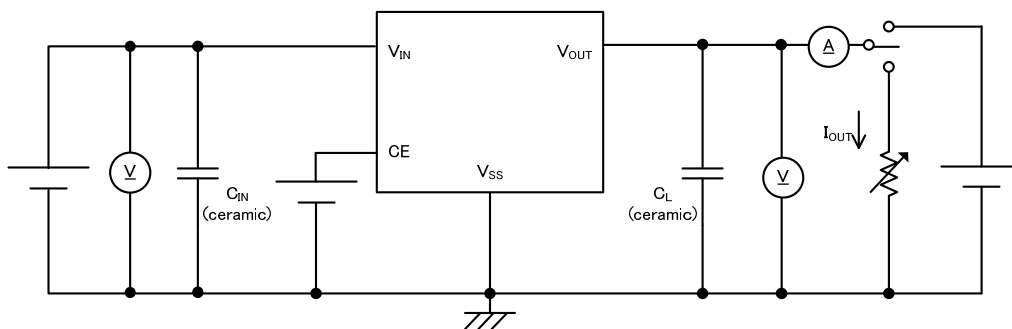
The inrush current protection circuit is built in the XC6238H.

## ■ NOTES ON USE

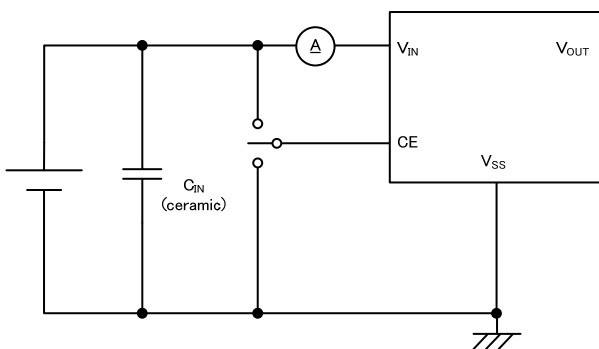
1. For temporary, transitional voltage drop or voltage rising phenomenon, the IC is liable to malfunction should the ratings be exceeded.
2. Where wiring impedance is high, operations may become unstable due to the noise and/or phase lag depending on output current. Please strengthen  $V_{IN}$  and  $V_{SS}$  wiring in particular.
3. The input capacitor  $C_{IN}$  and the output capacitor  $C_L$  should be placed to the as close as possible with a shorter wiring.
4. The IC is controlled with constant current start-up. Start-up sequence control is requested to draw a load current after even nominal output voltage rising up the output voltage.
5. Torex places an importance on improving our products and its reliability. However, by any possibility, we would request user fail-safe design and post-aging treatment on system or equipment.

## TEST CIRCUITS

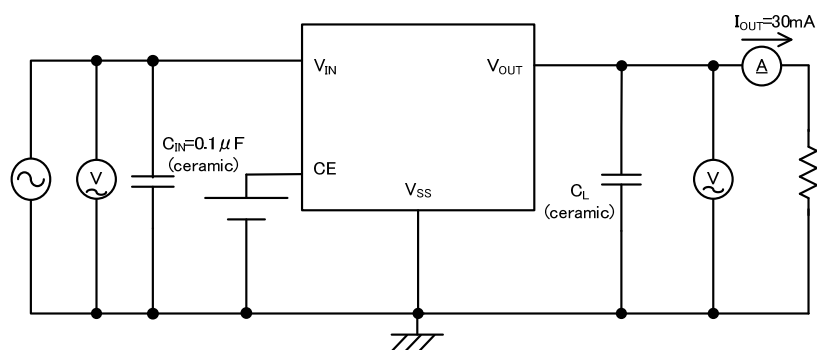
● Circuit ①



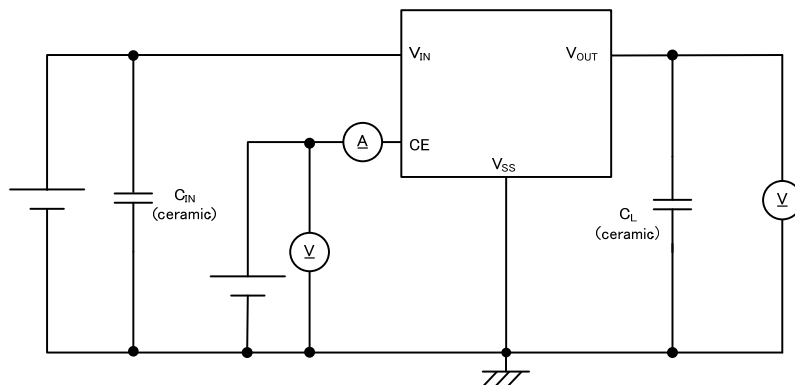
● Circuit ②



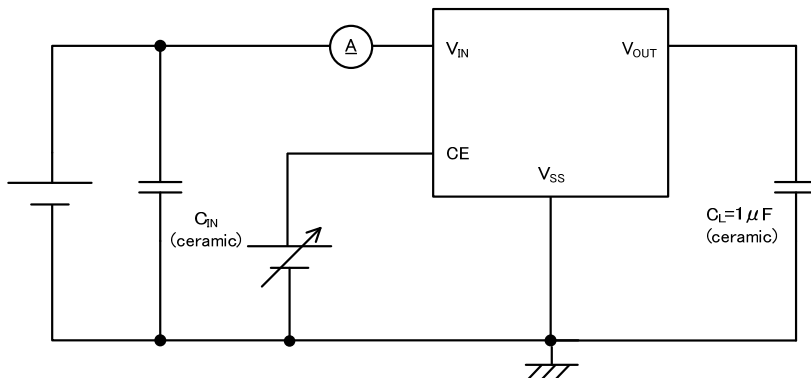
● Circuit ③



● Circuit ④

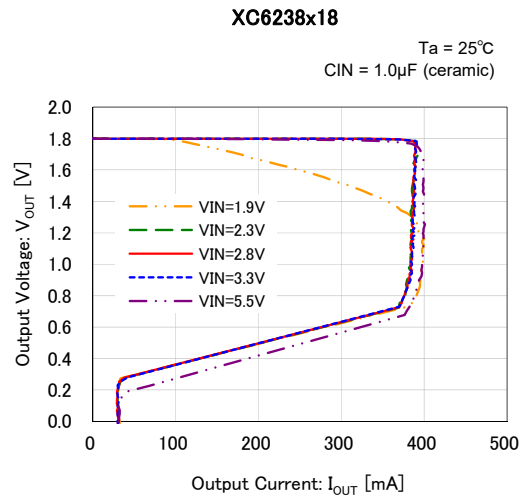
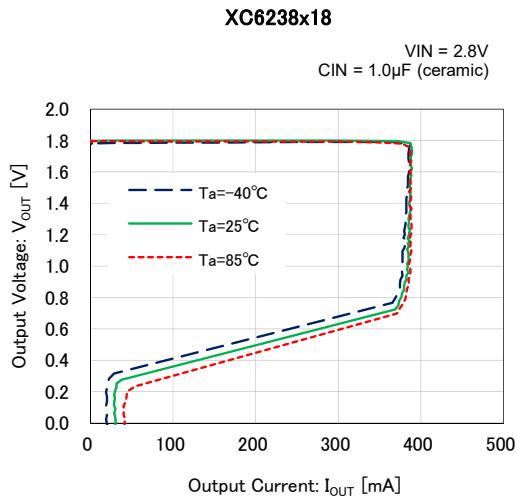
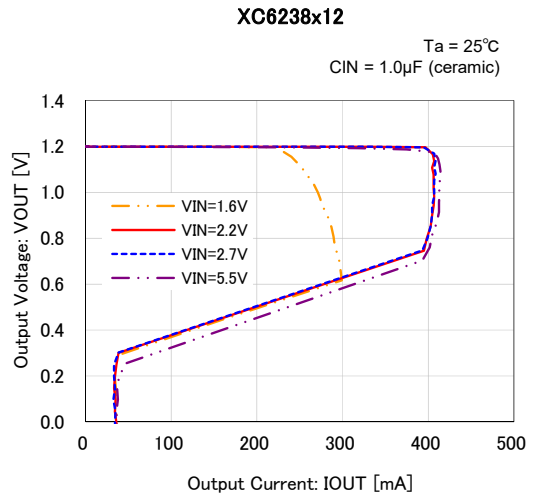
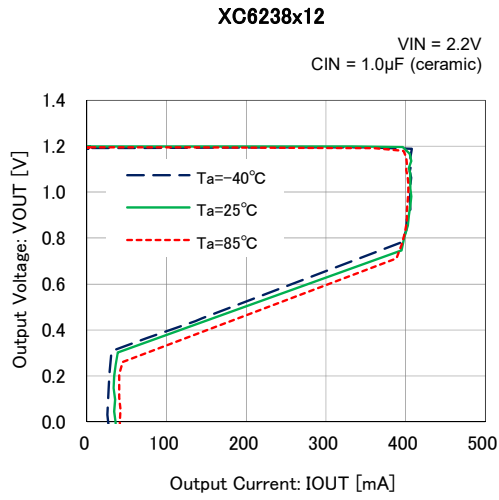


● Circuit ⑤



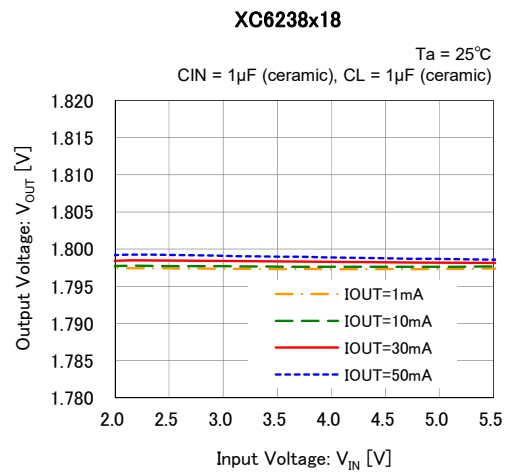
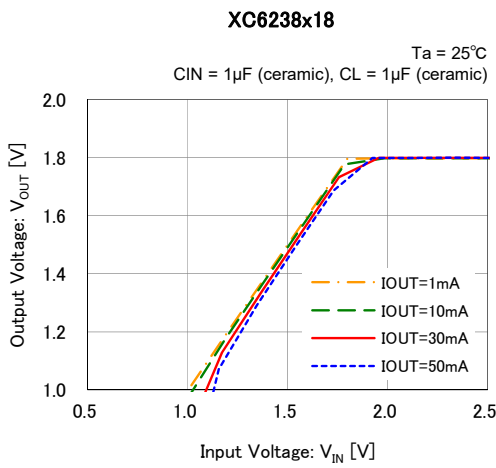
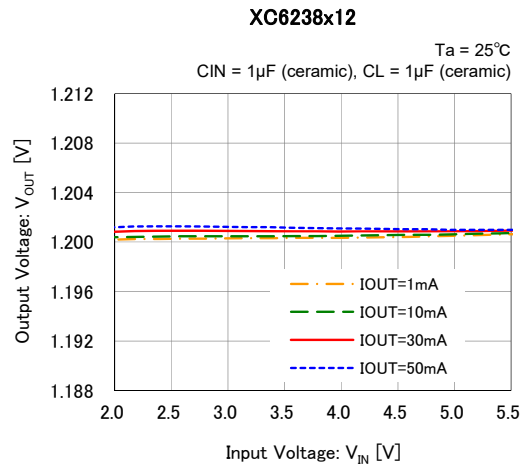
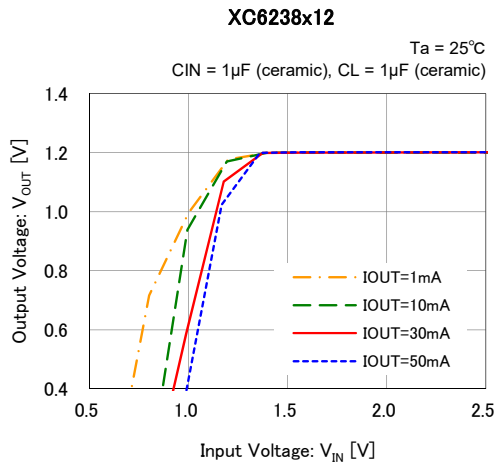
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### (1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



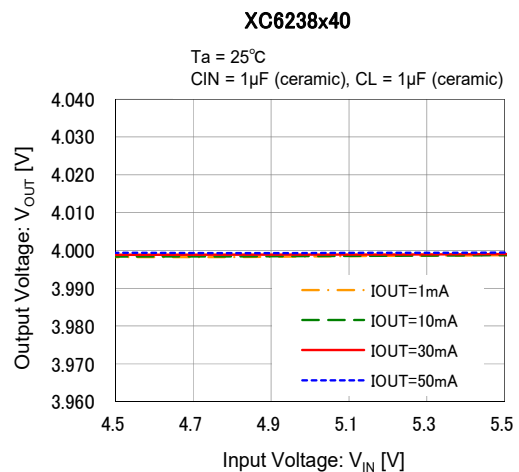
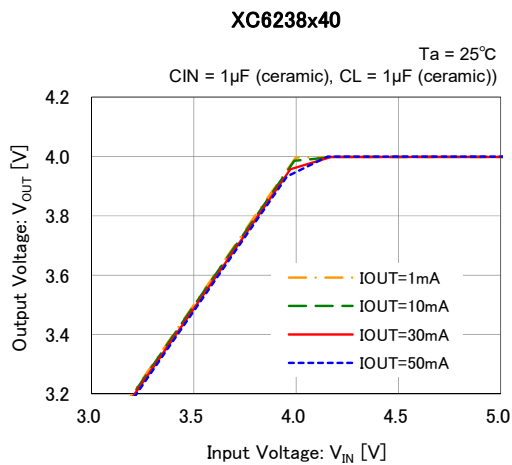
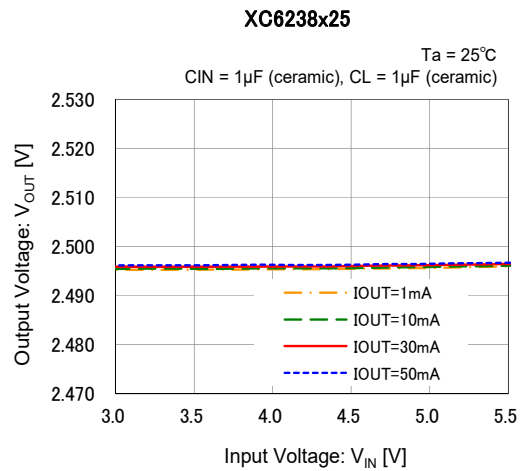
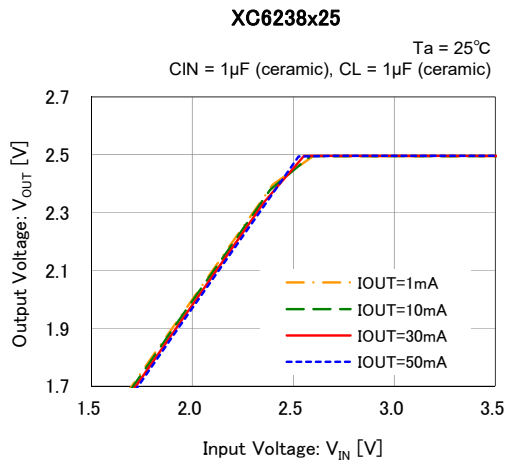
## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

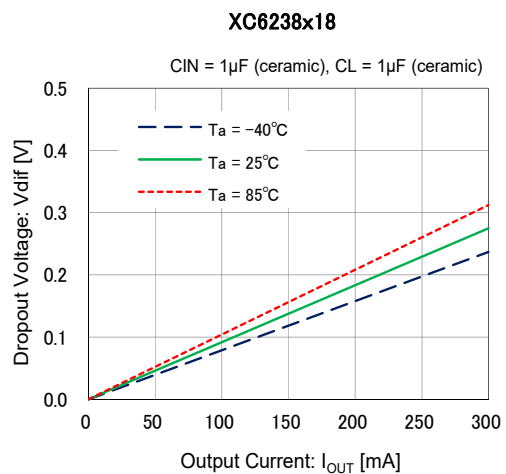
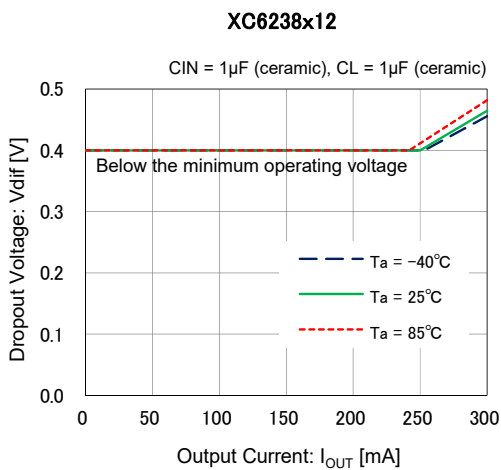


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

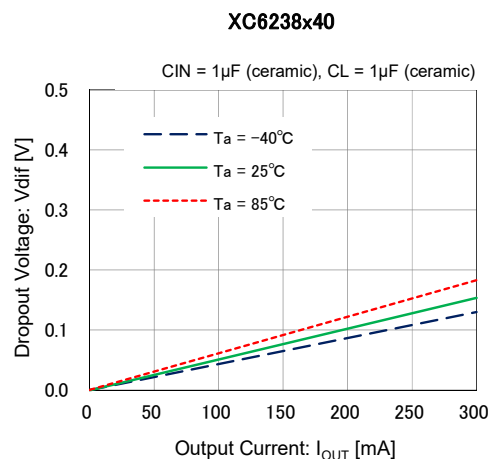
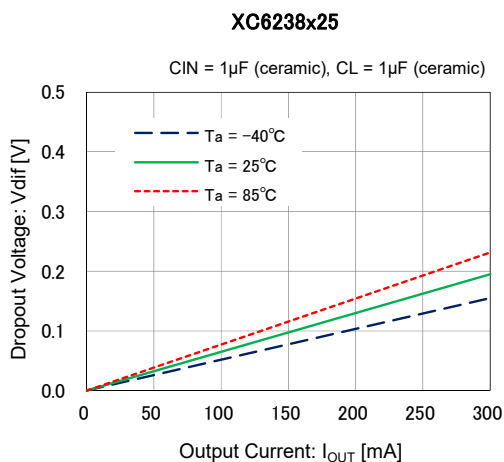


### (3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

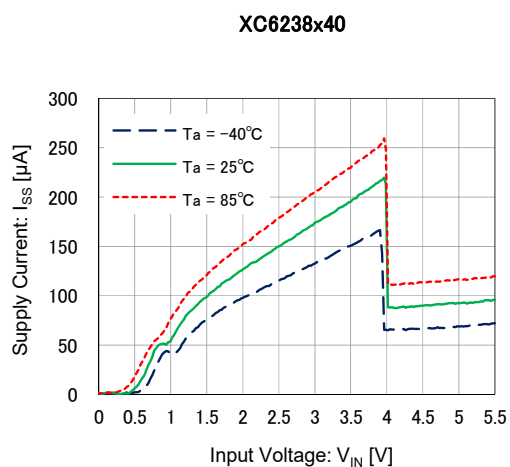
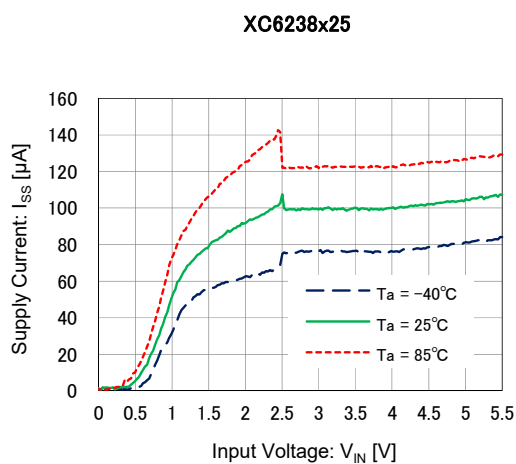
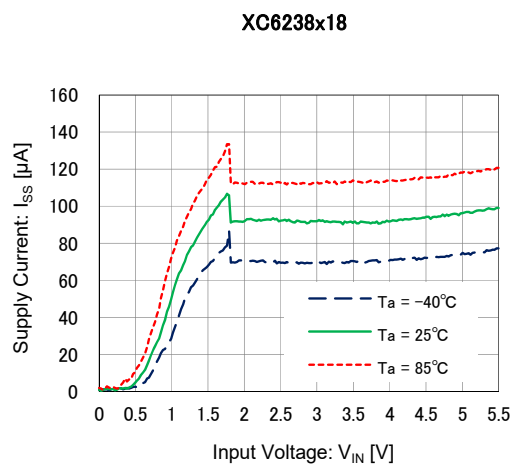
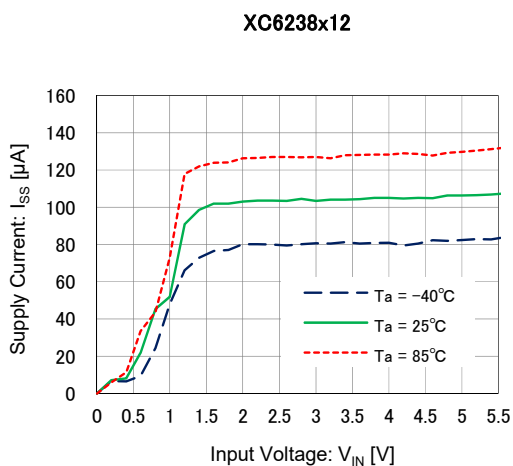


## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (3) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

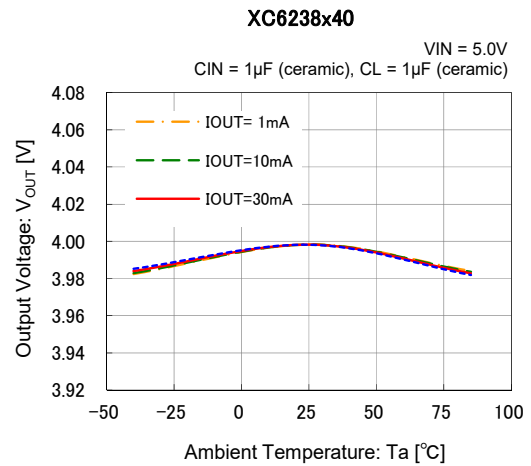
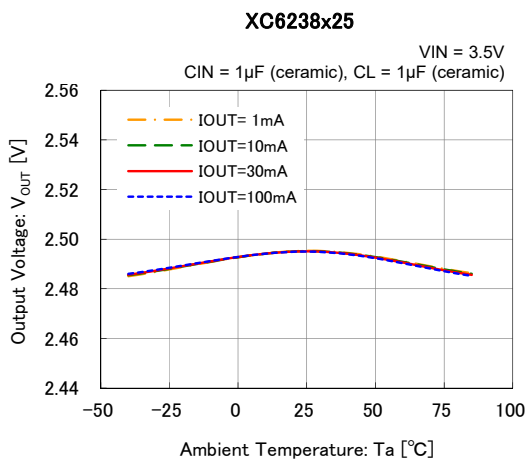
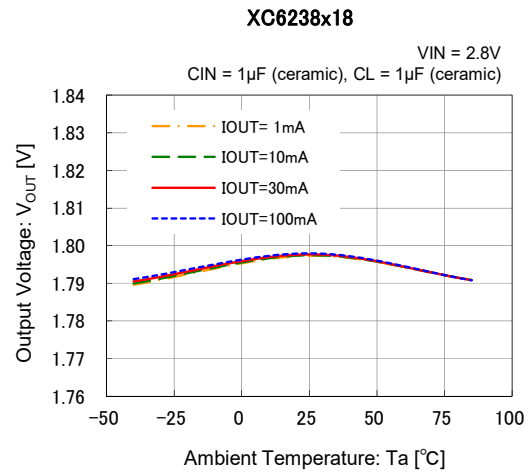
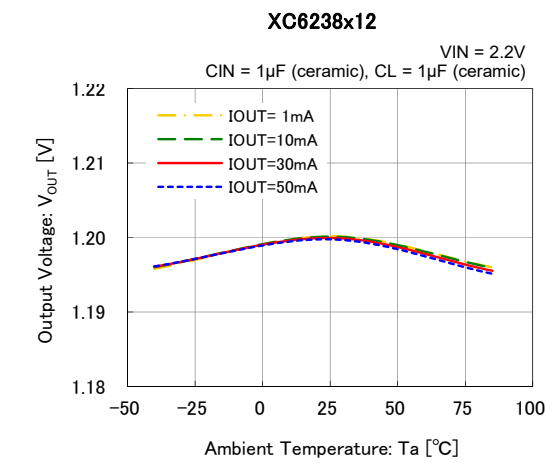


### (4) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

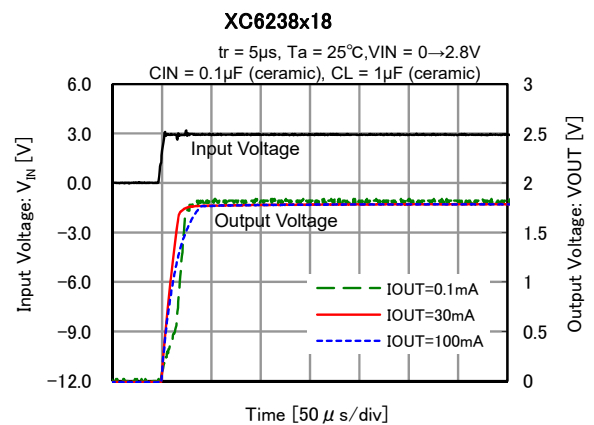
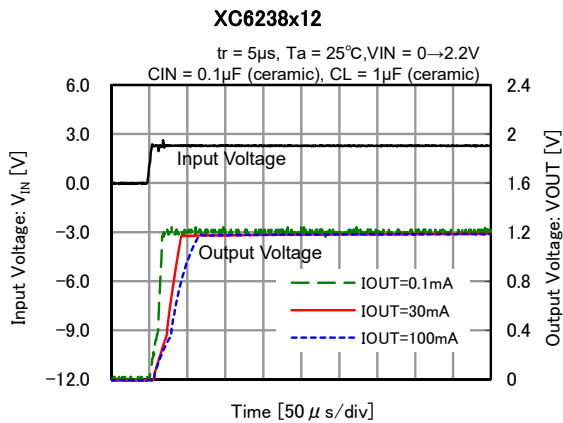


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (5) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



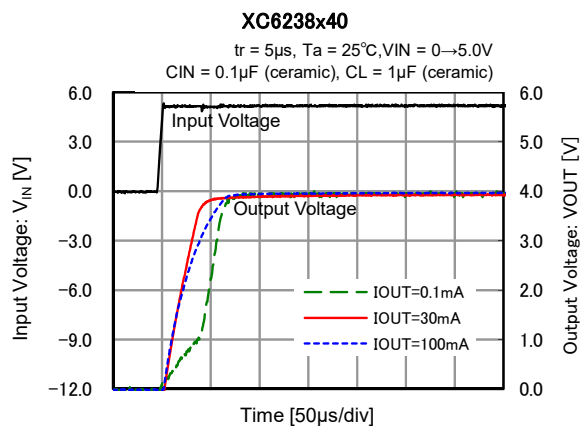
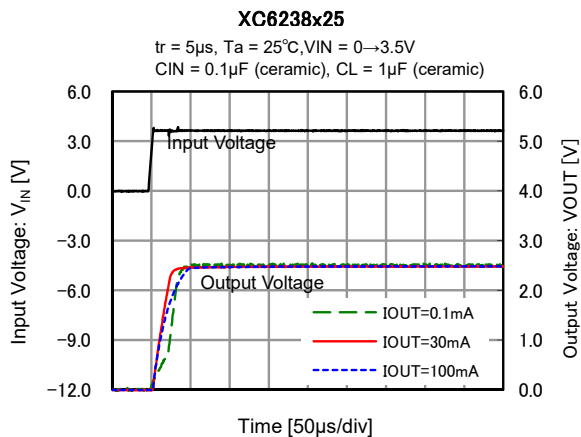
### (6) Rising Response Time



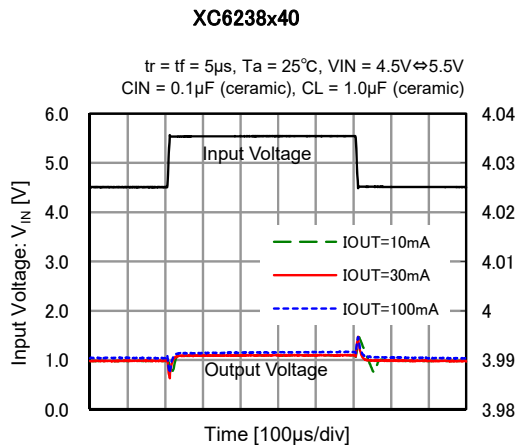
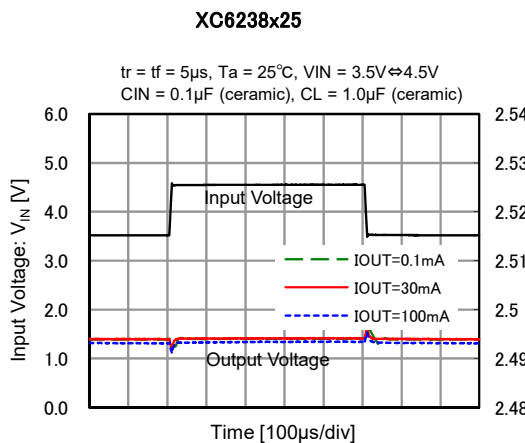
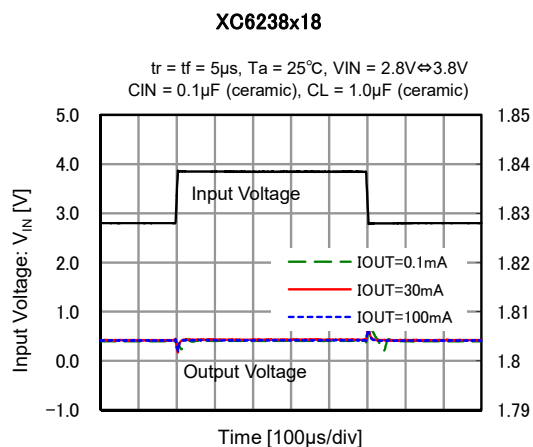
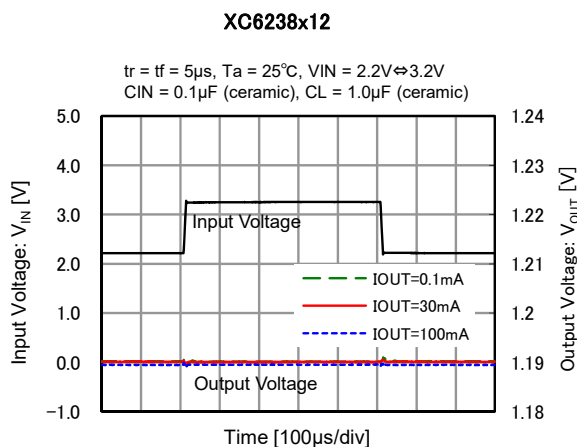


## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

### (6) Rising Response Time

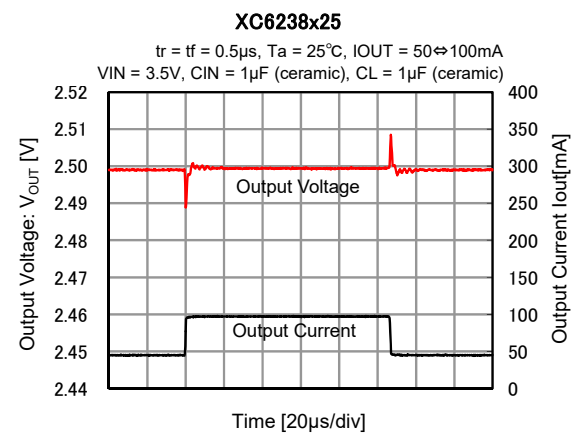
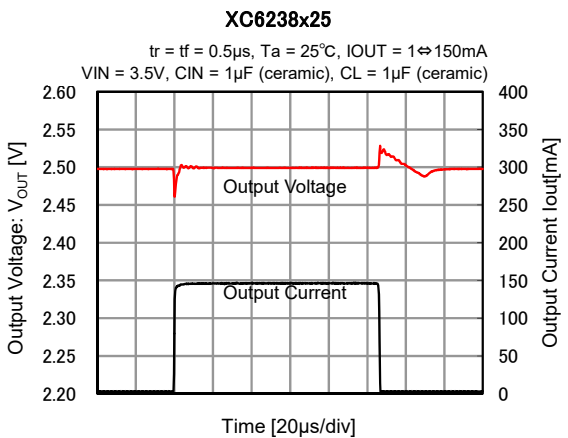
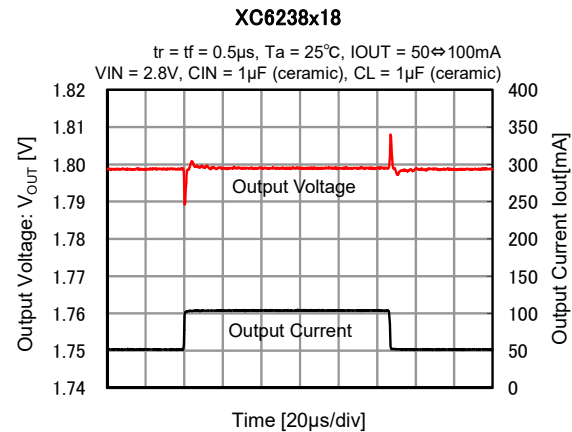
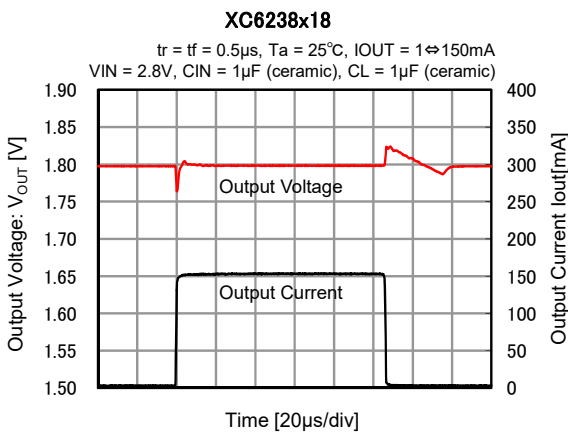
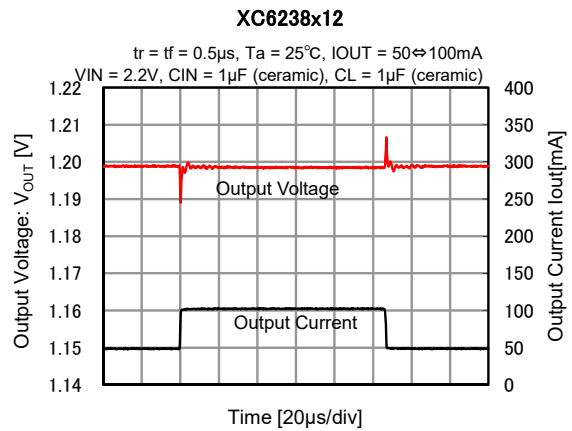
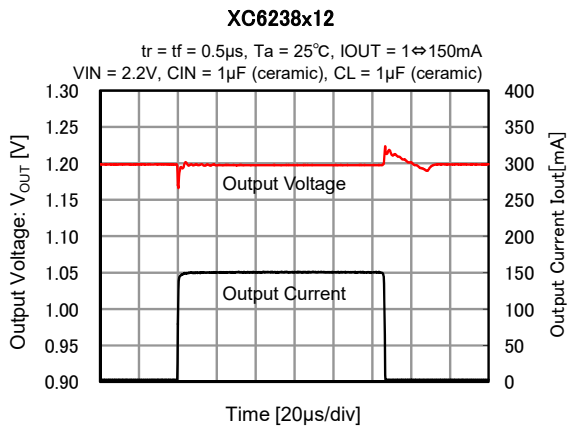


### (7) Input Transient Response



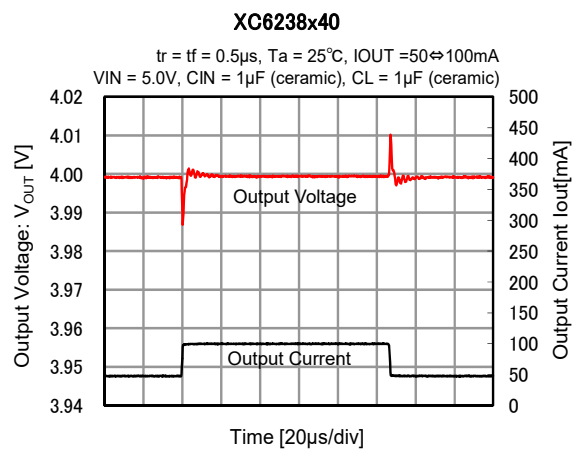
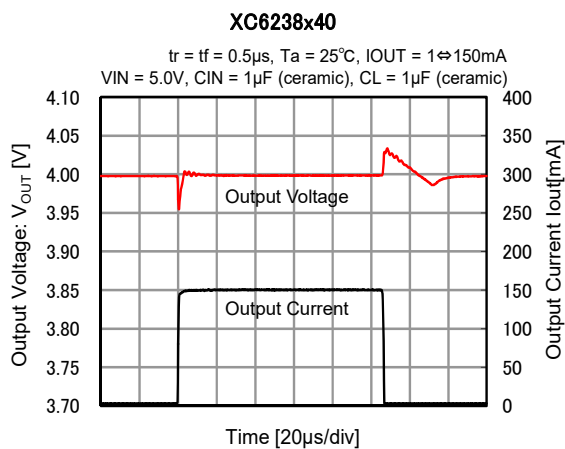
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=0.5\mu s$ )

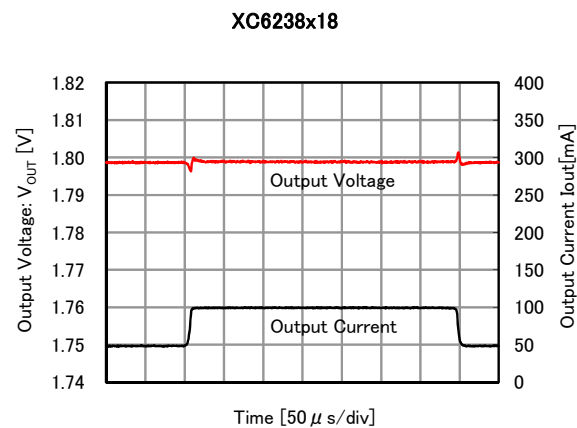
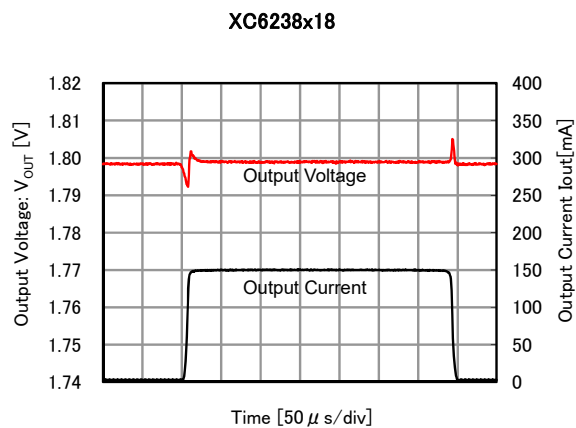
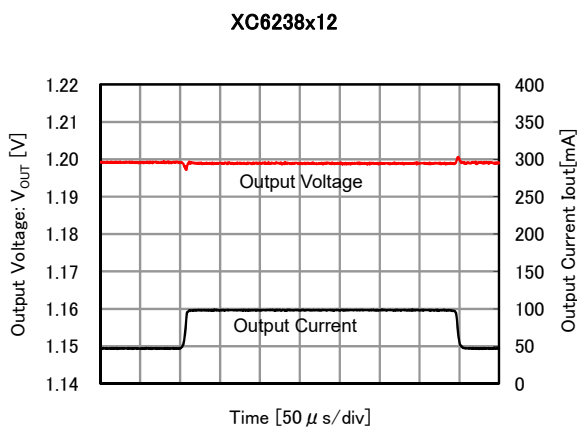
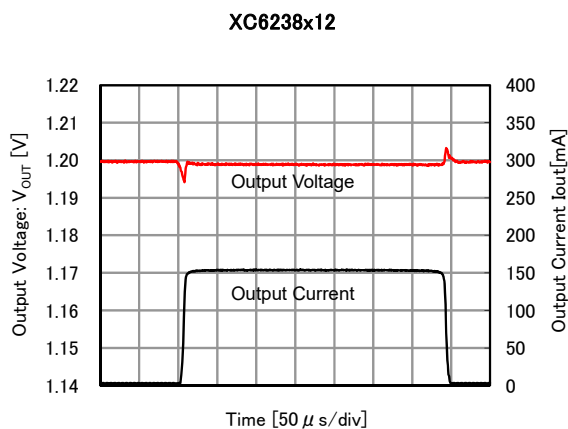


## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=0.5\mu s$ )

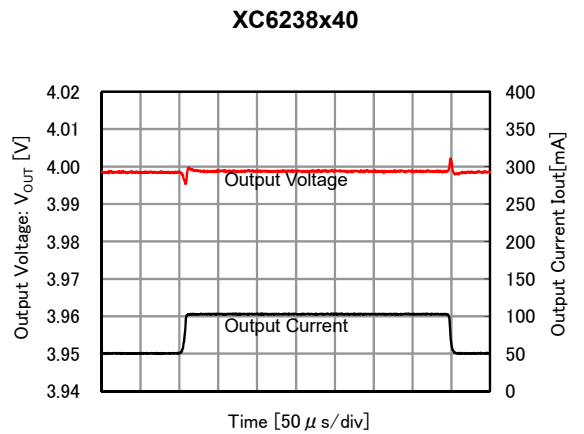
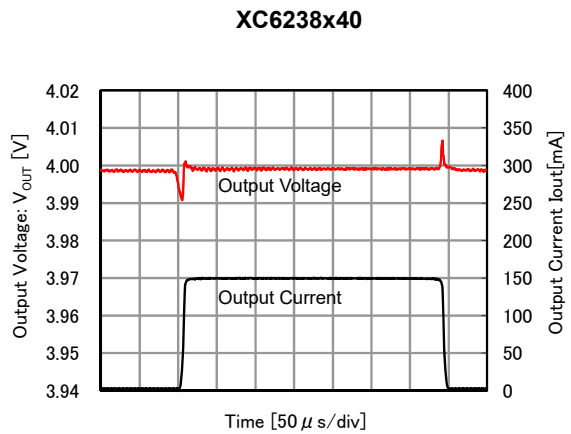
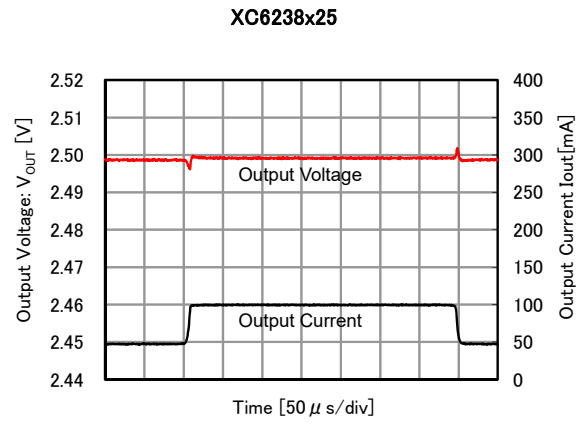
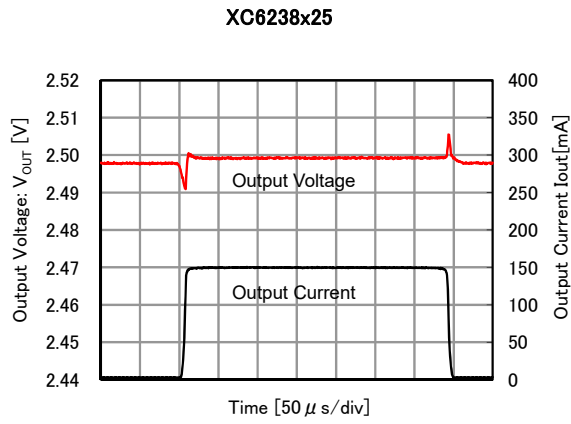


(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=5\mu s$ )

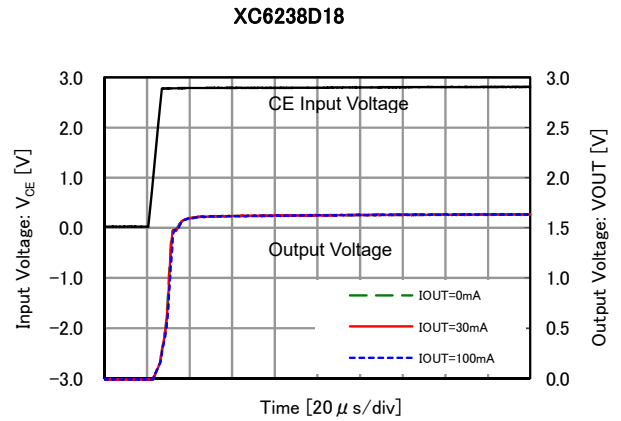
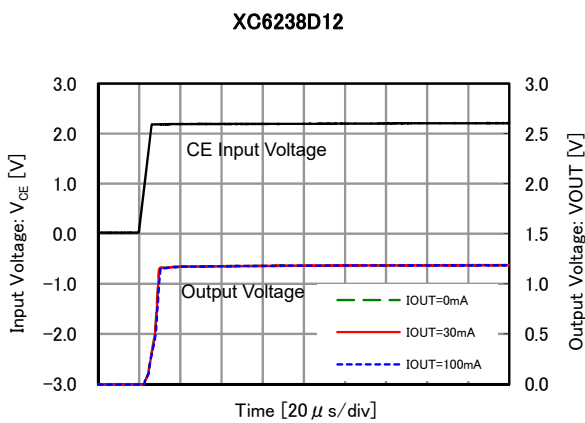


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(8) Load Transient Response ( $t_r=t_f=5\mu s$ )



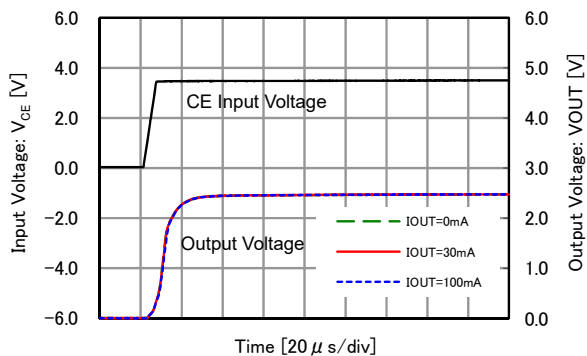
(9) CE Rising Response Time (Type D)



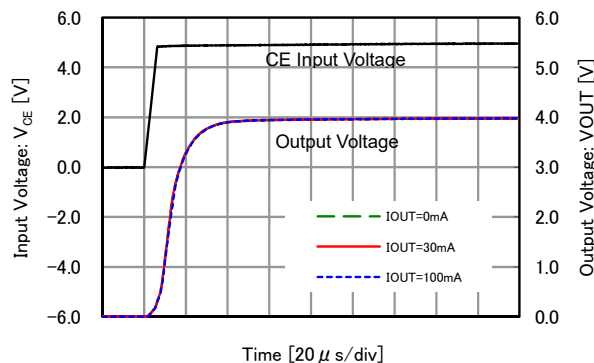
## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(9) CE Rising Response Time (Type D)

**XC6238D25**

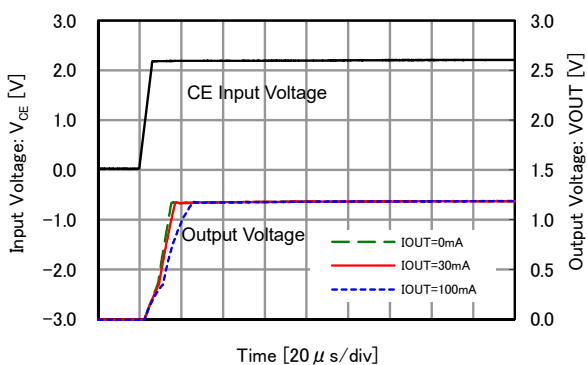


**XC6238D40**

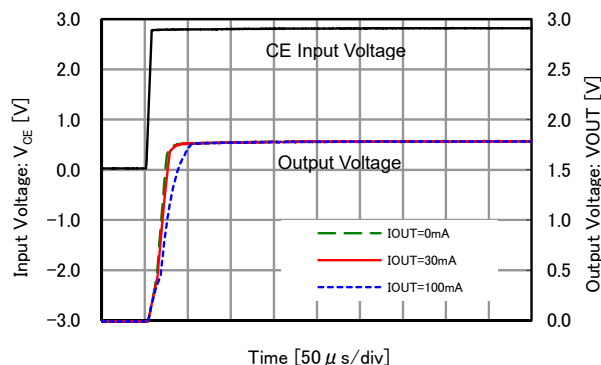


(9) CE Rising Response Time (Type H)

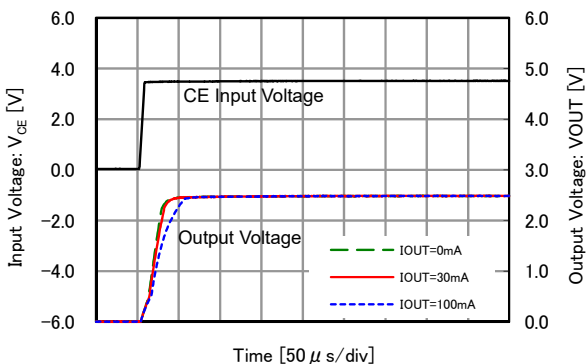
**XC6238H12**



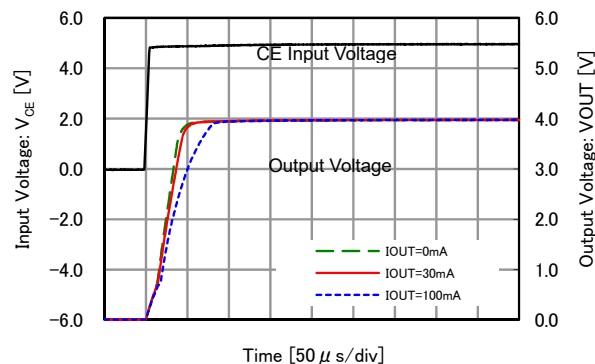
**XC6238H18**



**XC6238H251**



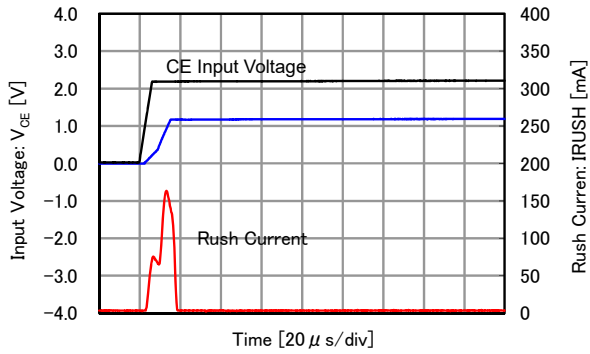
**XC6238H40**



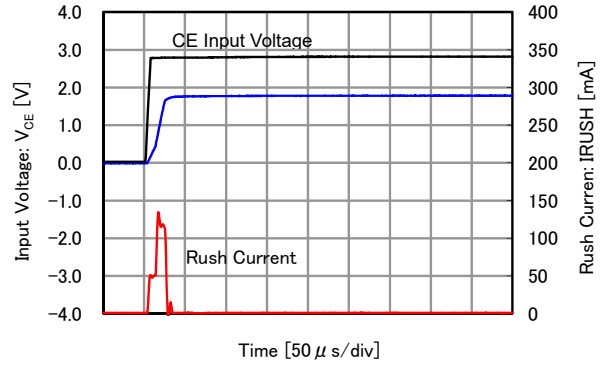
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(10) Inrush Current Response Time (Type H)

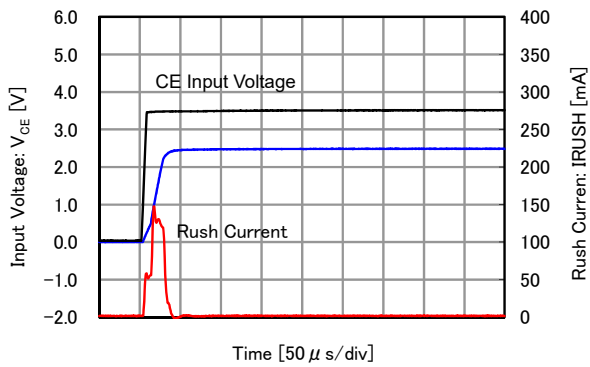
XC6238H12



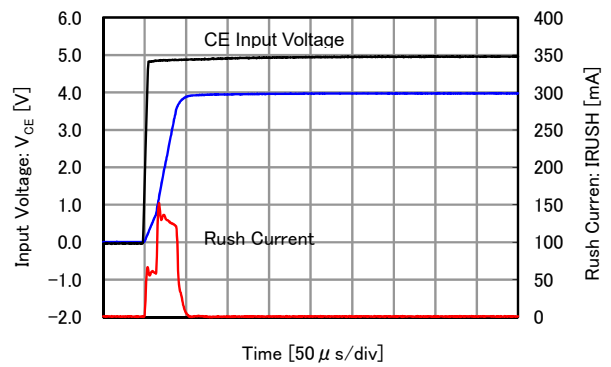
XC6238H18



XC6238H25



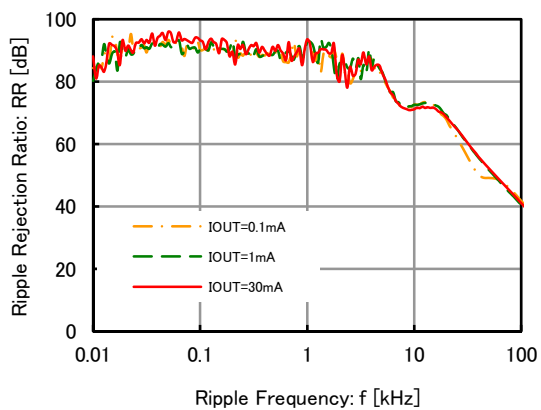
XC6238H40



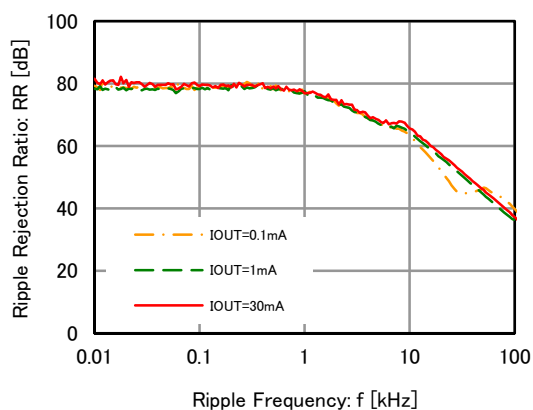
## ■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

(11) Ripple Rejection Rate

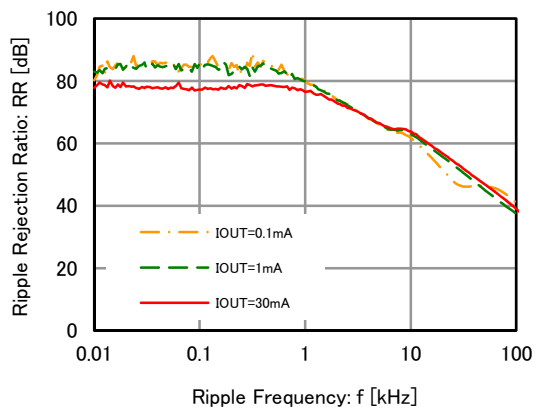
**XC6238x12**



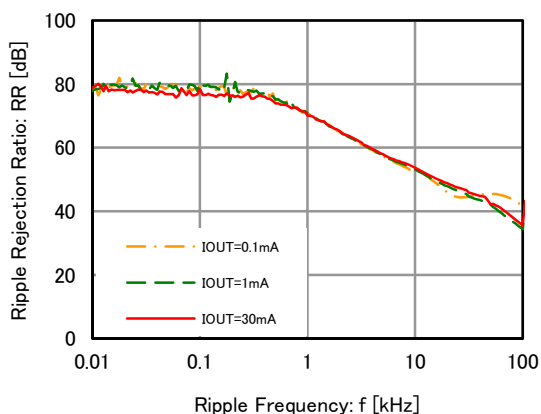
**XC6238x18**



**XC6238x25**

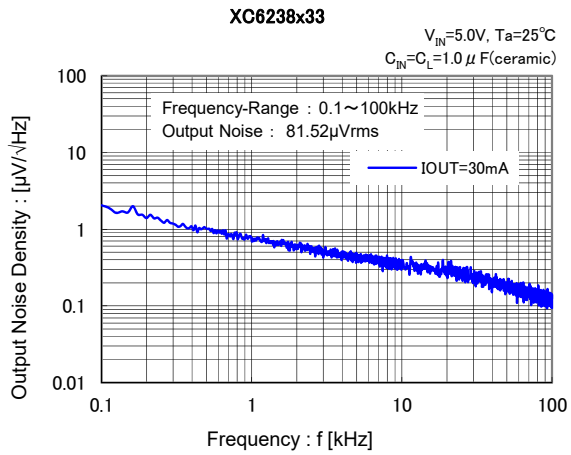
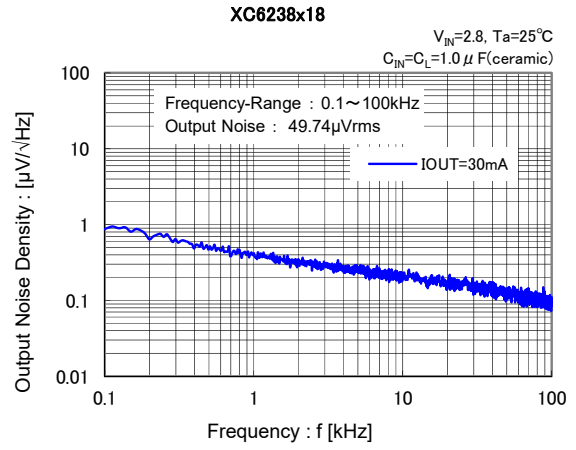
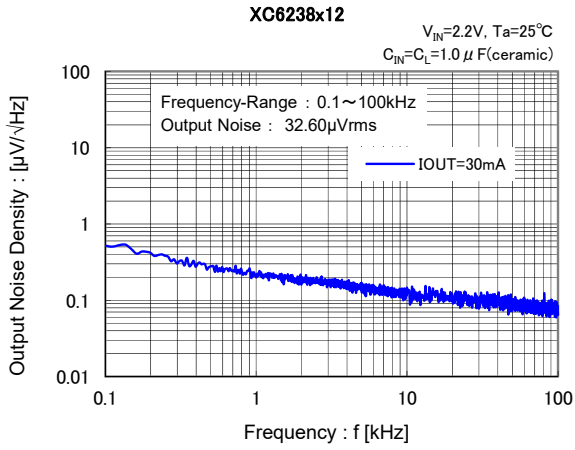


**XC6238x33**



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

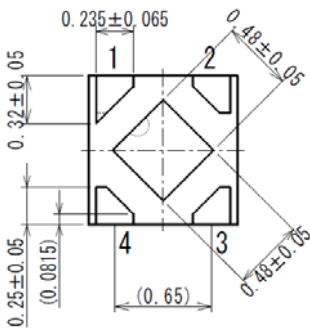
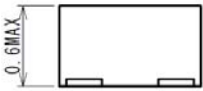
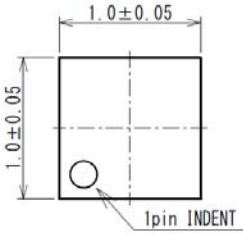
### (12) Output Noise Density





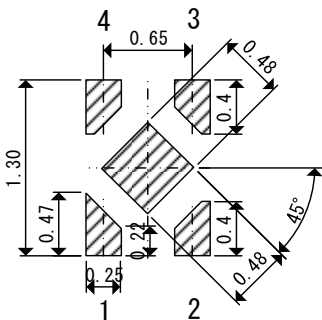
## ■ PACKAGING INFORMATION

UFN-4A01  
(unit : mm)

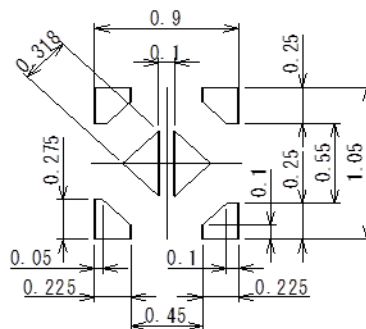


\*The package don't have fillet because side of lead is no plating.

● Reference Pattern Layout  
(unit : mm)



● Reference Metal Mask Design  
(unit : mm)

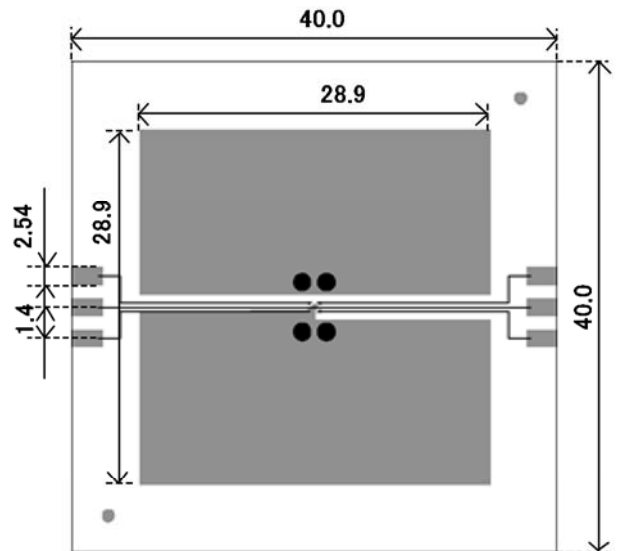


## ● UFN-4A01 Power Dissipation

Power dissipation data for the UFN-4A01 is shown in this page.  
 The value of power dissipation varies with the mount board conditions.  
 Please use this data as the reference data taken in the following condition.

### 1. Measurement Condition

- Condition: Mount on a board
- Ambient: Natural convection
- Soldering: Lead (Pb) free
- Board: Dimensions 40 x 40 mm  
 (1600 mm<sup>2</sup> in one side)
- 4 Copper Layers
- Each layer is connected to the package heat-sink and terminal pin No. 1.
- Each layer has approximately 800mm<sup>2</sup> copper area
- Material: Glass Epoxy (FR-4)
- Thickness: 1.6mm
- Through-hole: 4 x 0.8 Diameter

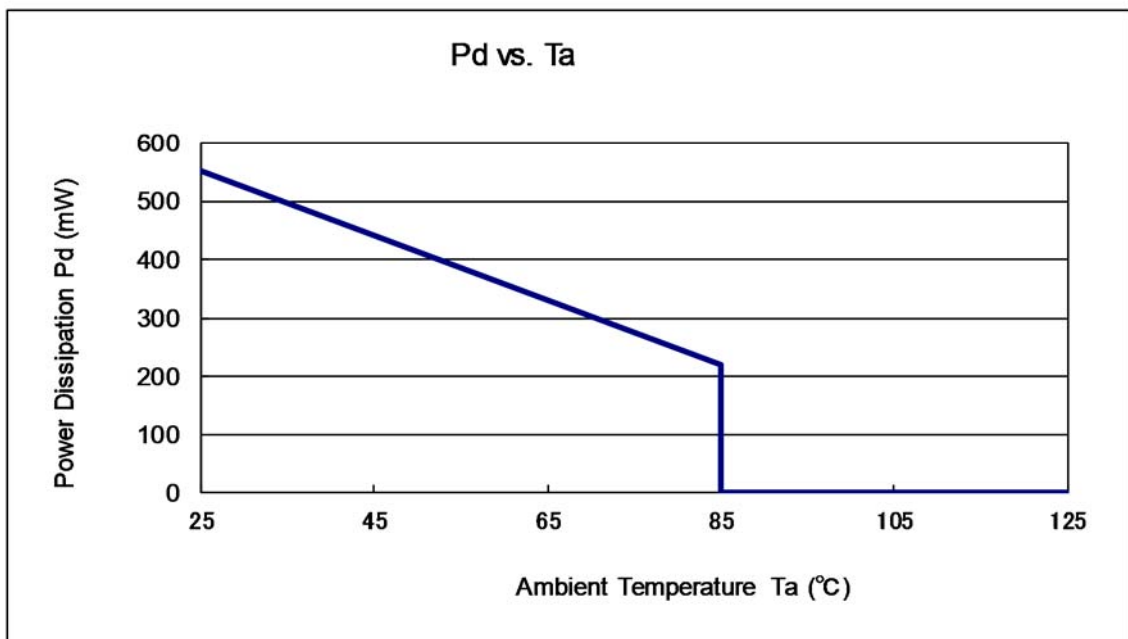


Evaluation Board (Unit: mm)

### 2. Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

Board Mount ( $T_J$  max = 125°C)

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Power Dissipation Pd (mW)	Thermal Resistance (°C/W)
25	550	181.82
85	220	

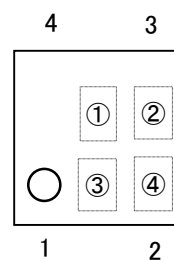


## MARKING RULE

### ●UFN-4A01

① represents product number

MARK	PRODUCT SERIES
H	XC6238D**1/26R-G
K	XC6238H**1/26R-G
L	XC6238D**A/B6R-G
M	XC6238H**A/B6R-G



UFN-4A01  
(BOTTOM VIEW)

② represents output voltage

MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)		MARK	OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)	
0	1.2	1.25	F	2.7	2.75
1	1.3	1.35	H	2.8	2.85
2	1.4	1.45	K	2.9	2.95
3	1.5	1.55	L	3.0	3.05
4	1.6	1.65	M	3.1	3.15
5	1.7	1.75	N	3.2	3.25
6	1.8	1.85	P	3.3	3.35
7	1.9	1.95	R	3.4	3.45
8	2.0	2.05	S	3.5	3.55
9	2.1	2.15	T	3.6	3.65
A	2.2	2.25	U	3.7	3.75
B	2.3	2.35	V	3.8	3.85
C	2.4	2.45	X	3.9	3.95
D	2.5	2.55	Y	4.0	
E	2.6	2.65			

③④ represents production lot number

01 to 09, 0A to 0Z, 11 to 9Z, A1 to A9, AA to AZ, B1 to ZZ in order.

(G, I, J, O, Q, W excepted)

\*No character inversion used.

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