



High Efficiency, 3.5A, 6V, 1.2MHz Synchronous Step-Down Converter in an Ultra-Small QFN12 (2x2mm) Package

The Future of Analog IC Technology

PRELIMINARY SPECIFICATIONS SUBJECT TO CHANGE

MPS CONFIDENTIAL AND PROPRIETARY INFORMATION – INTERNAL USE ONLY

### DESCRIPTION

The MP2130 is a monolithic step-down switch mode converter with built-in internal power MOSFETs. It achieves 3.5A continuous output current from a 2.7V to 6V input voltage with excellent load and line regulation. The MP2130 is ideal for powering portable equipment that runs from a single cell Lithium-Ion (Li+) Battery. The output voltage can be regulated as low as 0.6V.

The Constant-On-time (COT) control scheme provides fast transient response high light-load efficiency and easy loop stabilization.

Fault condition protection includes cycle-by-cycle current limit and thermal shutdown.

The MP2130 requires a minimum number of readily available standard external components and is available in an ultra-small QFN12 (2x2mm) package.

The MP2130 is ideal for a wide range of applications including PDAs, portable instruments, DVD drives, small handhold and battery-powered devices.

# **FEATURES**

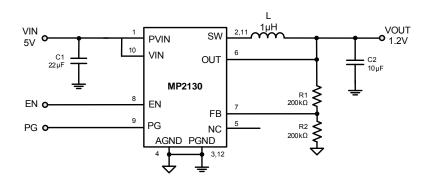
- Above 95% Peak Efficiency
- Above 80% Light Load Efficiency.
- Wide 2.7V to 6V Operating Input Range
- Output Voltage as Low as 0.6V
- 100% Duty Cycle in Dropout
- 3.5A Output Current
- $50m\Omega$  and  $40m\Omega$  Internal Power MOSFET
- 1.2MHz Frequency
- EN and Power Good for Power Sequencing
- Cycle-by-Cycle Over Current Protection
- Auto Discharge at Power-off
- Short Circuit Protection with Hiccup Mode
- Thermal Shutdown
- Stable with Low ESR Output Ceramic Capacitors
- Available in a QFN12 (2x2mm) Package

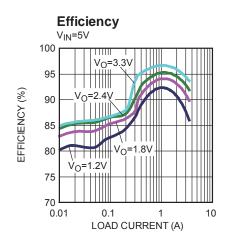
## **APPLICATIONS**

- Storage Drives
- Portable/Handheld Devices
- Wireless/Networking Cards
- Low Voltage I/O System Power

All MPS parts are lead-free and adhere to the RoHS directive. For MPS green status, please visit MPS website under Quality Assurance. "MPS" and "The Future of Analog IC Technology" are Trademarks of Monolithic Power Systems,

### TYPICAL APPLICATION







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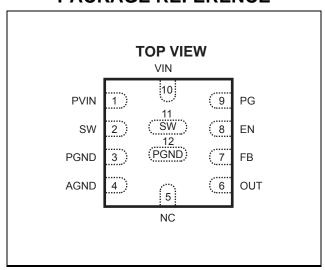
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# ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Package	Top Marking	Free Air Temperature
MP2130DG	QFN12 (2x2mm)	AB	-40°C to +85°C

\* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP2130DG–Z); For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix -LF (e.g. MP2130DG-LF-Z)

### PACKAGE REFERENCE



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Supply Voltage V <sub>IN</sub>	6.5V
V <sub>SW</sub>	$0.3V \text{ to } V_{IN} + 0.3V$
All Other Pins	
Continuous Power Dissipation	$(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)^{(2)}$
	1.6W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	
Recommended Operating	Conditions <sup>(3)</sup>
Supply Voltage V <sub>IN</sub>	
Output Voltage V <sub>OUT</sub>	
Maximum Junction Temp. (T <sub>J</sub> )	+125°C

Thermal Resistance (4)	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JA}$	$oldsymbol{ heta}_{JC}$	
QFN12 (2x2mm)	08	16	°C/W

#### Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T<sub>J</sub>(MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{IA}$ , and the ambient temperature T<sub>A</sub>. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P<sub>D</sub>(MAX)=(T<sub>J</sub>(MAX)- $T_A$ )/  $\theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

